## Synthesis of Some Triazoles and Thiadiazoles Bearing Phosphorus Substituents

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**Summary:**Several aryl thiosemicarbazides were synthesized by condensing p-(diphenylphosphino)benzoic acid hydrazide and diphenylphosphinoacetic acid hydrazide with suitable aryl isothiocyanates. Cyclisation of these thiosemicarbazides with 2N sodium hydroxide afforded 5-substituted phosphino-4-aryl -3-mercapto-s-triazoles. When cyclisation was affected by concentrated sulphuric acid, 2-arylamino-5-substituted phosphino-1,2,4-thiazoles were obtained

The chemistry of thiosemicarbazides and their cyclisation products had received great attention in the last years due to their reported [1-5] biological and diverse pharmacological activities. In this investigation, we report the synthesis of some aryl thiosemicarbazides bearing phosphorus substituents, as well as, their conversion into the corresponding triazoles and thiadiazoles.

The various derivatives are synthesized according to the steps outlined in scheme I.

Scheme I

p-(Diphenylphosphino)benzoic acid hydrazide I [6] and diphenylphosphino-acetic acid hydrazide I<sub>b</sub>[7] condense with aryl isothiocyanates with the formation of the corresponding aryl thiosemicarbazides 2-11. The structure of the latter products is based upon the analytical data(Table I), as well as, spectral data(Table II).

On refluxing the thiosemicarbazides 2-11 with 2N sodium hydroxide, ring closure occured with the formation of 5-substituted-phosphino-4-aryl-3-mercapto-s-triazoles 12-21. The IR spectra of these products showed characteristic bands for C=N at 1600 cm<sup>-1</sup>, as well as, the p=o band at  $1180-1190 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ . However, when cyclisation of the thiosemicarbazides 2-11 was effected by using concentrated sulphuric acid, 2arylamino-5-substitutedphosphino-1, 2,4-thiadiazoles 22-31 were obtained. The IR spectra of these thiadiazoles showed characteristic NH absorptions in the region  $3250-3350 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ , as well as, the characteristic absorption band for C=N at  $1600 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ .

## Experimental

The melting points of these compounds were not corrected. The infrared spect-

Table-1

10.0 10.4 6.7 8. 8.4 7.7 4.4 8.2 9.1 9.4 ıΖ 4.3 3.8 4.4 4.8 3.9 3.9 3.7 4.8 5.2 5.4 Found 62.9 8.99 64.2 61.4 66.4 61.7 9.19 56.3 65.9 60.1 Analysis & 10.3 6.8 9.7 8.3 4.8 8.7 9.6 9.5 9.6 6.6 4.8 4.9 3.9 3.8 4.1 7.4 4.9 4.3 5.0 5.2 Calcd. 8 66.2 56.7 64.7 61.7 8.99 61.6 51.6 56.8 62.4 60.1 Physical constans of 1-diphenylphosphinobenzoyl)- and 1-(dipehnylphosphinoacetyl)-4-aryl-3-Thiosemicarbazides  $\mathsf{C}_{26}\mathsf{H}_{21}\mathsf{BrN}_3\mathsf{O}_3\mathsf{PS}$  $C_{21}H_{19}BrN_3O_2PS$  $\mathbf{C_{26}}_{H21}\mathbf{ClN_{3}}\mathbf{O_{2}}^{PS}$ Molecular Formula  $c_{21}^{H_{19}}c_{1N_3}o_2^{PS}$ C26H22N3O2PS C27H24N3O3PS  $^{\circ}_{27}^{\text{H}}_{24}^{\text{N}_3}^{\text{O}_2}^{\text{PS}}$  $C_{21}H_{20}N_3O_2PS$  $C_{22}H_{22}N_3O_3PS$  $C_{22}H_{22}N_3O_2PS$ Yield & 25 52 80 80 75 75 20 25 20 20 194-195 162-164 161-162 163-164 128-129 183-184 200-201 M.P.ºC 203 207 193  $C_6H_4OCH_3(p-)$  $C_6H_4OCH_3(p-)$  $C_6H_4CH_3(p-)$  $C_6H_4CH_3(p-)$  $C_6H_4Br(p-)$  $C_6H_4Cl(p-)$  $C_6H_4Br(p-)$  $C_{6}^{H_{4}}Cl(p^{-})$ С<sub>6</sub>н<sub>5</sub>-Ar  $(c_6 H_5)_2^{-P-C} c_6 H_4^{-}$ (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-0 || (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-p-CH<sub>5</sub>-0 || (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-p-CH<sub>2</sub>-0 || (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-p-CH<sub>2</sub>- $(c_{6}H_{5})_{2}^{-p}-c_{6}H_{4}$ (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-p-cH<sub>2</sub>- $(C_6H_5)_2$ -p- $CH_2$ œ Compound No. ~ ۲. 10 7 Φ

	Table II
Spectral Data of	l-(diphenylphosphinoacetyl)-4-aryl-3-Thiosemicarbazides.

	Characteris	stic bands in Ir	spectra (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	pmr Chemi	- cal shiftsδ(ppm)	
Compound No.	C=S	C=O	NH	-CH <sub>2</sub> -	Aromatic	NH
7	1100	1660	3200-3300	3.6(d)	7.56(m)	10.13(m)
8	1110	1675	3150-3250	3.6(d)	7.4(m)	10.3(m)
9	1100	1680	3200-3300	3.6(d)	7.5(m)	10.16(m)
10	1100	1660	3150-3200	3.6(d)	6.85-7.63(m)	10.1(m)
11	1110	1670	3200-3300	3.6(d)	6.9-7.63(m)	10.27(n

ra were recorded on a Unicam SP 1200 spectrophotometer using KBr-wafer technique. Proton magnetic resonance spectra were obtained on a Varian A60 instrument using deuterated dimethyl-sulphoxide as a solvent.

1-(Diphenylphosphinobenzoyl)- and 1-(diphenylphosphinoacetyl)-4-aryl-3-thiosemicarbazides (2-11)

To a solution of  $l_a$  or  $l_b$  (0.01 mole)in 25 ml absolute ethanol, the aryl isothiocyanate (0.011 mole) was added with stirring. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 3 hours. Excess ethanol was removed under reduced pressure. The solid obtained was filtered off, washed thoroughly with water-ethanol mixture and finally recrystallized from ethanol. These thiosemicarbazides were characterized by their elemental analyses (Table I), as well as, their spectral data (Table II).

5-Substitutedphosphino-4-ary1-3-mer-capto-s-triazoles (12-21).

A mixture of 0.01 mole of the thiosemicarbazide and 40 ml 2N sodium hydroxide solution was refluxed for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was then cooled, filtered, and the filtrate was acidified with 2N hydrochloric acid. The solid product obtained was filtered off, washed thoroughly with water and re-

crystallized from ethanol. The physical constants of these triazoles (12-21) are recorded in Table III.

2-Arylamino-5-substitutedphosphino-1, 2,4-thiadiazoles (22-31).

The thiosemicarbazide (0.01 mole) was added portionwise with stirring to 100 ml concentrated sulphuric acid cooled at O°C. After complete addition, the reaction mixture was stirred for additional 3 hours at room temperature and allowed to stand overnight. The solution was then poured on crushed ice, the solid obtained filtered off, washed thoroughly with water, and finally recrystallized from acetic acid. The physical constants of these thiadiazoles (22-31) are recorded in Table IV.

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Table-III | Physical Constants of 5-substituted phosphino-4-aryl-3-mercapto-s-Triazoles.

							Analysis	oxe on			
						Calcd.	مد		Found	1 %	
Compound No.	œ	Ar	M.P. oC	Yield &	Molecular formula	O	Ξ	z	υ	н *	z
	O <del>s</del>										
12	$(C_6H_5)_2^{-P-C_6H_4^-}$	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> -	304-305	09	C <sub>.26</sub> H <sub>20</sub> N <sub>3</sub> OPS	6.89	4.4	9,3	68.6	4.5	6.8
13	  C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>   <sub>2</sub> -P-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> - O	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> Br(p-)	271-272	09	$c_{26}$ $_{19}$ BrN $_{3}$ OPS	58.7	3.6	7.2	59.2	3.8	8.1
14	$\  (C_6 H_5)_2^{-P-C_6 H_4^-}$	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> Cl(p-)	283-285	65	C26H19CIN3OPS	64.0	3.9	8.6	63.7	4.1	8.6
15	$(C_6H_5)_2^{-P-C_6H_4^-}$	С <sub>6</sub> Н <sub>4</sub> ОСН <sub>3</sub> (р-)	254-256	70	C <sub>27</sub> H <sub>22</sub> N <sub>3</sub> PS	67.1	4.6	8.7	6.99	5.0	8.3
16	(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -P-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> - O	с <sub>6</sub> н <sub>4</sub> сн <sub>3</sub> (р- )	266-268	09	C <sub>27</sub> H <sub>22</sub> N <sub>3</sub> OPS	6.69	4.7	9.6	70.1	4.	æ.
17		C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> -	295-296	55	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> OPS	64.6	4.4	10.8	64.9	5.2	10.4
18	II (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -P-CH <sub>2</sub> - O	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> Br(p-)	300-302	09	$c_{21}^{\mathrm{H}_{16}\mathrm{BrN}_3\mathrm{OPS}}$	53.7	3.4	6.0	53.5	3.7	9.5
19		C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> Cl(p-)	186-188	09	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>16</sub> ClN <sub>3</sub> OPS	59.4	3.8	I	59.1	3.8	
20	(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -P-CH <sub>2</sub> O	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OCH <sub>3</sub> (p-)	281-282	90	C22H19N3O2PS	62.9	4.5	10.0	62.6	4.7	9.6
21	$(c_6H_5)_2^{-P-CH}_2$	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> (p-)	298-300	99	$c_{22}{}^{\mathrm{H}_{19}}{}^{\mathrm{N}_{3}}{}^{\mathrm{OPS}}$	65.4	4.7	10.4	65.5	4.7	10.3
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Table-IV

Physical Constants of 2-arylamino-5-substituted phosphino, 1, 2, 4-Thiadiazoles.

							Analysis &	sis &			
Compound No.	œ	Ar	M.P.°C	Yield %	Molecular formula	Calcd.	# #		Found &	Ξ.	z
22	$(c_6 H_5)_2 - \frac{\beta}{10} - c_6 H_4 - \frac{\beta}{10}$	C, H <sub>5</sub> -	254-255	09	C26 H20 N3 OPS	68.9	4.4	9.3	68.4	4.3	0.6
23	II (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -p-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> Br(p-)	285-286	9.0	C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>19</sub> BrN <sub>3</sub> OPS	58.7	3.6	6.5	59.1	3.5	7.7
24	$\vec{H}$ (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -p-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> C1(p-)	280-281	65	C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>19</sub> CIN <sub>3</sub> OPS	64.0	3.9	8.6	64.1	4.0	8.3
25	  C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -p-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -	С <sub>6</sub> н <sub>4</sub> осн <sub>3</sub> (р-)	268-270	55	C27H22N3O2PS	ì	t	8.7	ı	ı	80 4.
26	  C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -p-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> (p-)	232-233	09	C21H22N3OPS	6.69	4.7	ſ	69.5	4.	
27	(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -p-CH <sub>2</sub> -	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> -	276-277	99	$c_{21}^{H_{17}^{N_3}OPS}$	64.6	4.	10.8	64.2	4.2	10.4
82	(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -p-CH <sub>2</sub> -	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> Br(p-)	283	99	$c_{21}^{\rm H}{}_{16}^{\rm BrN}{}_{3}^{\rm OPS}$	53.7	3.4	0.6	53.7	3.7	8.5
29	  (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -p-CH <sub>2</sub> -	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> C1(p-)	250-252	65	$c_{21}^{\mathrm{H}_{16}^{\mathrm{CIN}_3\mathrm{OPS}}}$	59.4	3.8	6.6	59.3	3.5	9.6
30	(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -p-CH <sub>2</sub> -	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OCH <sub>3</sub> (p-)	299-300	65	C22H19N3O2PS	62.9	4.5	10.0	62.6	4.3	2.6
31	(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -þ-cH <sub>2</sub> -	C6H4CH3(P-)	247-248	09	C22H19N3OPS	65.4	4.7	10.4	64.9	5.0	10.1

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